

Q u e s t i o n   T h r e e

What was the

*American  
Revolution?*

EXPLORING AMERICA'S HISTORY THROUGH COMPELLING QUESTIONS

S T U D E N T   W O R K B O O K 

NAME

PERIOD

# F I R S T Q U E S T I O N WHO WON THE SEVEN YEARS WAR?



## MY CONCLUSION

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## CONTENT VOCABULARY

### LOCATIONS

New France  
Ohio Valley  
Fort Necessity  
Fort Duquesne  
Fort Pitt

### TREATIES & LAWS

Treaty of Paris of 1763  
Proclamation of 1763

### EVENTS

Albany Congress  
Fall of Montreal

### PEOPLE & GROUPS

Samuel de Champlain  
Huguenots  
George Washington  
Surveyor  
Edward Braddock  
William Pitt  
Redcoats  
Smugglers

## ACADEMIC VOCABULARY IN THE TEXT

**Cede:** give over

**Confluence:** a place where things merge or flow together

**Decree:** a legally binding command or decision

**Devout:** deeply religious

**Encompass:** include in scope

**Foolhardy:** marked by defiant disregard for danger or consequences

**Garrison:** a fortified military post where troops are stationed

**Haven:** a sheltered port where ships can take on or discharge cargo

**Horde:** a vast multitude

**Pious:** having or showing or expressing reverence for a deity

**Plethora:** extreme excess

**Profane:** grossly irreverent toward what is held to be sacred

**Repercussion:** a remote or indirect consequence of some action

**Revel:** take delight in

**Rivalry:** the act of competing as for profit or a prize

**Wary:** marked by keen caution and watchful prudence

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# S E C O N D Q U E S T I O N

## HOW DID THE COLONISTS STOP BEING BRITISH AND START BEING AMERICAN?



### MY CONCLUSION

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### CONTENT VOCABULARY

#### PEOPLE & GROUPS

John Locke  
Cotton Mather  
Jean-Jacques Rousseau  
Montesquieu  
John Peter Zenger  
Nathaniel Bacon  
Governor Berkeley  
Regulators  
Paxton Boys  
Sons of Liberty  
Daughters of Liberty  
Committees of Correspondence  
Samuel Adams  
John Adams  
John Hancock  
Paul Revere  
Crispus Attucks  
Minutemen

#### KEY CONCEPTS

Libel  
Mercantilism  
Duties  
Salutary Neglect  
Tar and Feathering  
No Taxation Without Representation

#### DOCUMENTS

Circular Letter  
Paul Revere's Ride

#### LOCATIONS

North Bridge

#### LAWS & RESOLUTIONS

Magna Carta  
Stamp Act  
Quartering Act  
Declaratory Act  
Coercive Acts  
Quebec Act  
Intolerable Act  
Suffolk Resolves

#### EVENTS

Age of Reason  
Enlightenment  
Bacon's Rebellion  
Stamp Act Congress  
Boston Massacre  
Boston Tea Party  
Battle of Lexington  
Battle of Concord  
Shot Heard 'Round the World

### ACADEMIC VOCABULARY IN THE TEXT

**Antic:** disobedient or troublesome behavior

**Codify:** organize into a system, such as a body of law

**Dogmatic:** pertaining to a code of beliefs accepted as authoritative

**Effigy:** a representation of a person

**Forebear:** a person from whom you are descended

**Gage:** place a bet on

**Hinterland:** a remote and undeveloped area

**Homespun:** made of cloth woven in one's household

**Ill-fated:** marked by or promising bad fortune

**Ire:** anger or hostility toward some real or supposed grievance

**Materialize:** come into being; become reality

**Melee:** a noisy riotous fight

**Memorialize:** be or provide a monument to a person or an event

**Penchant:** a strong liking

**Pillage:** steal goods; take as spoils

**Quell:** suppress or crush completely

**Reconvene:** meet or cause to meet again

**Thug:** an aggressive and violent young criminal

**Ulterior:** lying beyond what is openly revealed or avowed

**Unruly:** unable to be governed or controlled

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# T H I R D Q U E S T I O N

## WHY DO GOVERNMENTS HAVE POWER?



### MY CONCLUSION

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### CONTENT VOCABULARY

#### DOCUMENTS

Declaration and Resolves  
Petition to the King  
Common Sense  
Declaration of Causes  
Olive Branch Petition  
Declaration of  
Independence  
When in the Course of  
human events...  
Preamble

#### PEOPLE & GROUPS

Thomas Paine  
George Washington  
Richard Henry Lee  
Thomas Jefferson  
John Hancock

#### EVENTS

First Continental  
Congress  
Second Continental  
Congress  
July 4, 1776

### ACADEMIC VOCABULARY IN THE TEXT

**Abstain:** refrain from doing, consuming, or partaking in something  
**Ad hoc:** for or concerned with one specific purpose  
**Arsenal:** all the weapons and equipment that a country has  
**Besiege:** surround so as to force to give up  
**Delegation:** a group of representatives  
**Derived:** formed or developed from something else; not original  
**Finalize:** put the last touches on  
**Grapple:** work hard to come to terms with or deal with something  
**Independence:** freedom from control or influence of another or others  
**Itemize:** specify individually  
**Postpone:** hold back to a later time  
**Quandary:** state of uncertainty in a choice between unfavorable options  
**Quip:** a witty saying  
**Reconciliation:** the reestablishment of cordial relations  
**Reconvene:** meet or cause to meet again  
**Sever:** separate  
**Solemnize:** observe or perform with dignity or gravity  
**Unalienable:** incapable of being repudiated or transferred to another

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# F O U R T H Q U E S T I O N

## CAN POWERFUL NATIONS MAINTAIN CONTROL OF DISTANT TERRITORY?



### MY CONCLUSION

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### CONTENT VOCABULARY

#### PEOPLE & GROUPS

Hessian  
Loyalists  
Tories  
Patriots  
Horatio Gates  
Baron von Steuben  
Benedict Arnold  
John André  
Marquis de Lafayette  
Rochambeau  
Lord Cornwallis

#### EVENTS

Bunker Hill  
Crossing the Delaware  
Battle of Saratoga  
Yorktown

#### LOCATIONS

Valley Forge  
West Point

#### KEY CONCEPTS

Homespun  
British Strategy  
French Alliance

#### TREATIES, LAWS & POLICIES

Treaty of Paris of 1783

### ACADEMIC VOCABULARY IN THE TEXT

**Artisan:** a skilled worker who practices some trade or handicraft  
**Collude:** act in unison and in secret to do something wrong  
**Concerted:** involving the joint activity of two or more  
**Embitter:** cause to be resentful  
**Emissary:** someone sent on a mission to represent another's interests  
**Ensnare:** fix firmly  
**Firebrand:** an outspoken leader who expresses radical ideas  
**Headway:** forward movement  
**Indefensible:** not able to be protected against attack  
**Loot:** goods or money obtained illegally  
**Quash:** declare invalid  
**Shambles:** a condition of great disorder  
**Sniper:** a marksman who shoots from a concealed place  
**Stringent:** demanding strict attention to rules and procedures  
**Tacitly:** by unexpressed agreement  
**Tarnish:** make or become dirty or spotty  
**Underdog:** one who is at a disadvantage and expected to lose  
**Vindictive:** disposed to seek revenge or intended for revenge

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